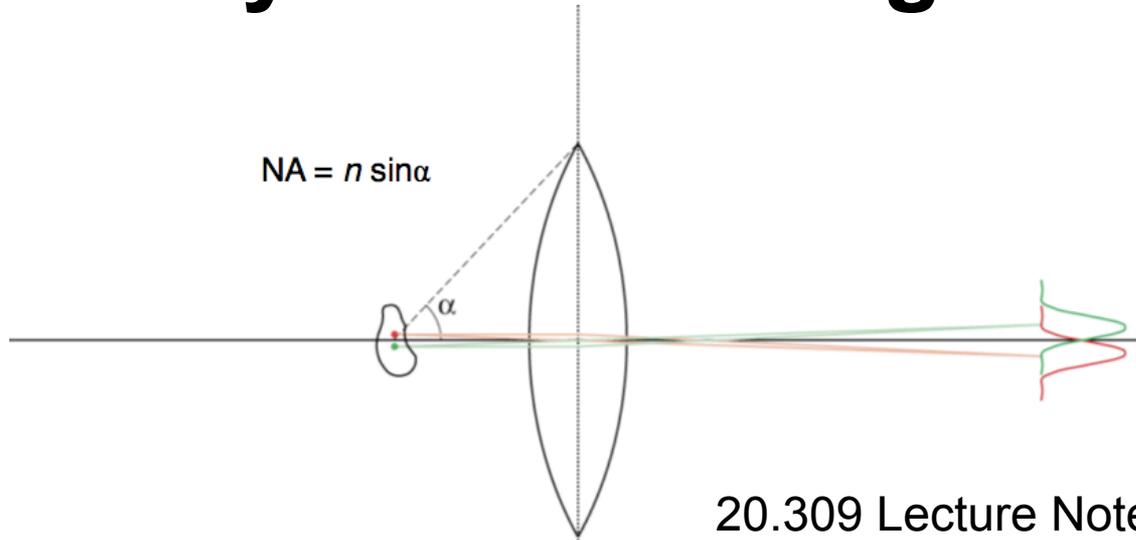


Sub-diffraction-limit imaging by stochastic optical reconstruction microscopy (STORM)

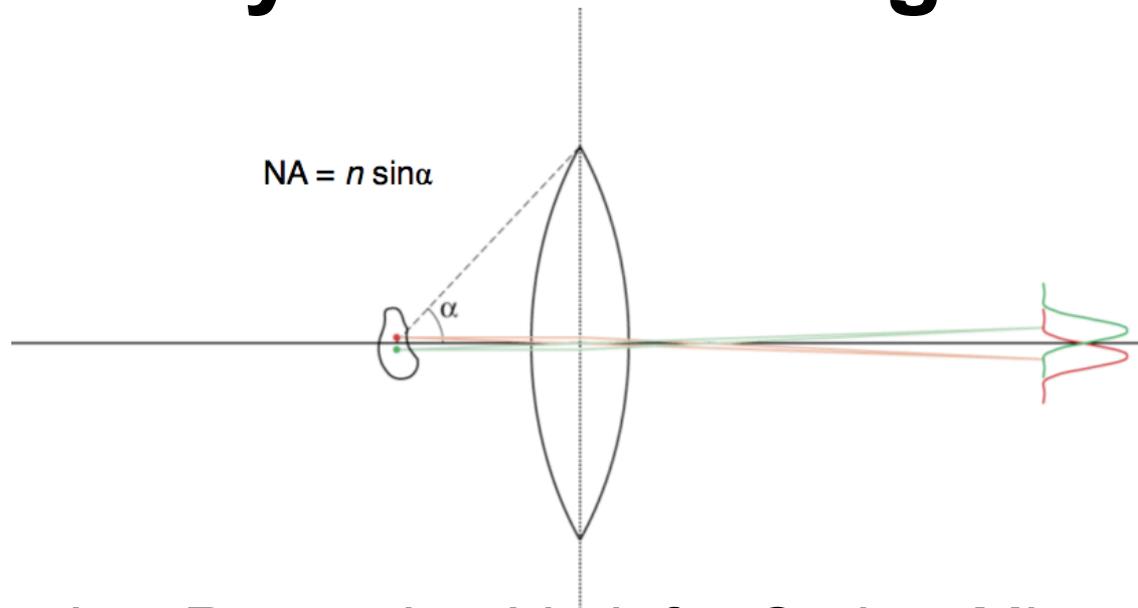
Michael J Rust, Mark Bates & Xiaowei Zhuang, Nature 2006

Optical Microscopy is Resolution-Limited by the Wavelength of Light



Theoretical Resolution Limit for Optical Microscopy =
 $0.61\lambda \sim 200\text{nm}$

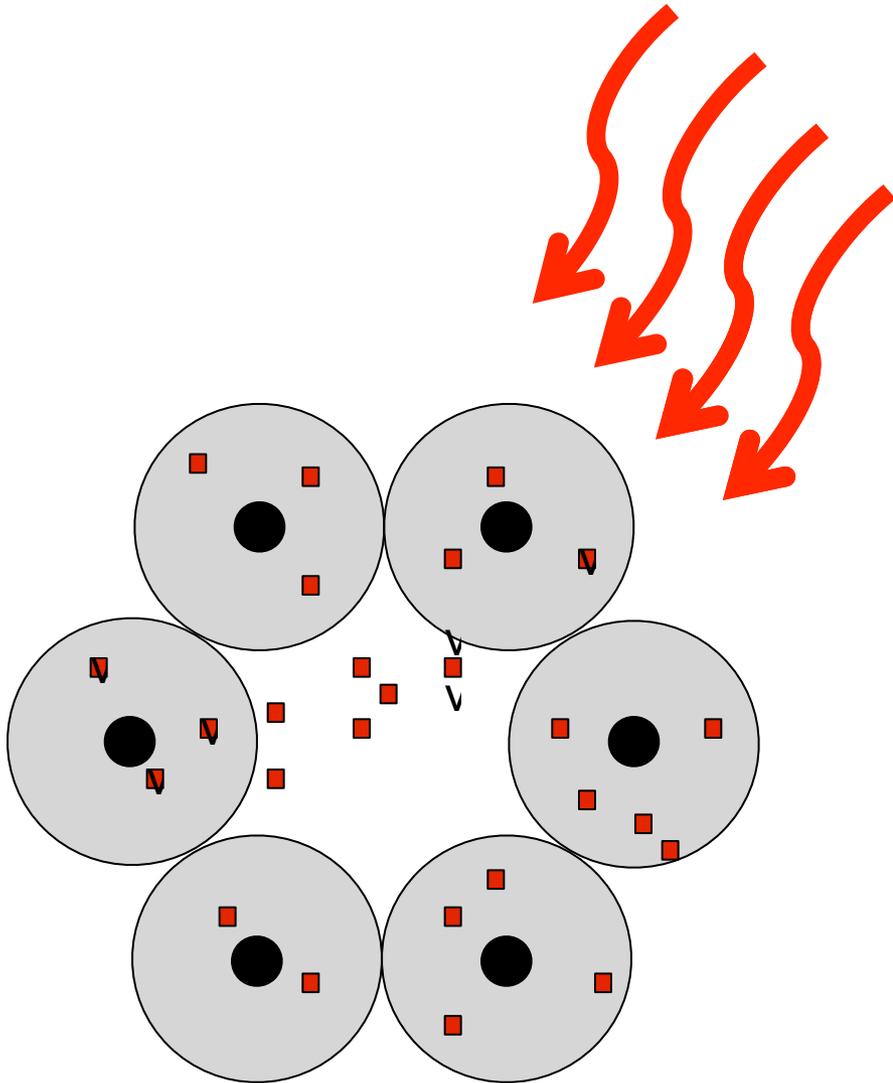
Optical Microscopy is Resolution-Limited by the Wavelength of Light

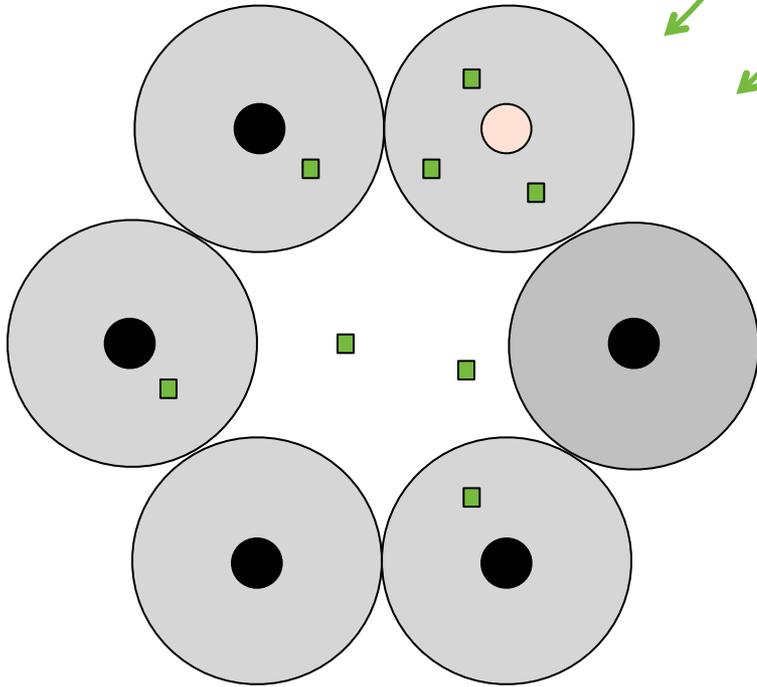
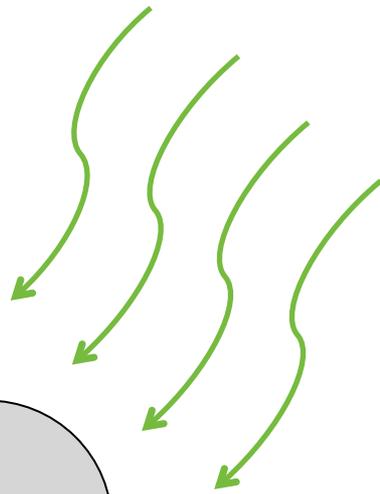


Theoretical Resolution Limit for Optical Microscopy =
 $0.61\lambda \sim 200\text{nm}$

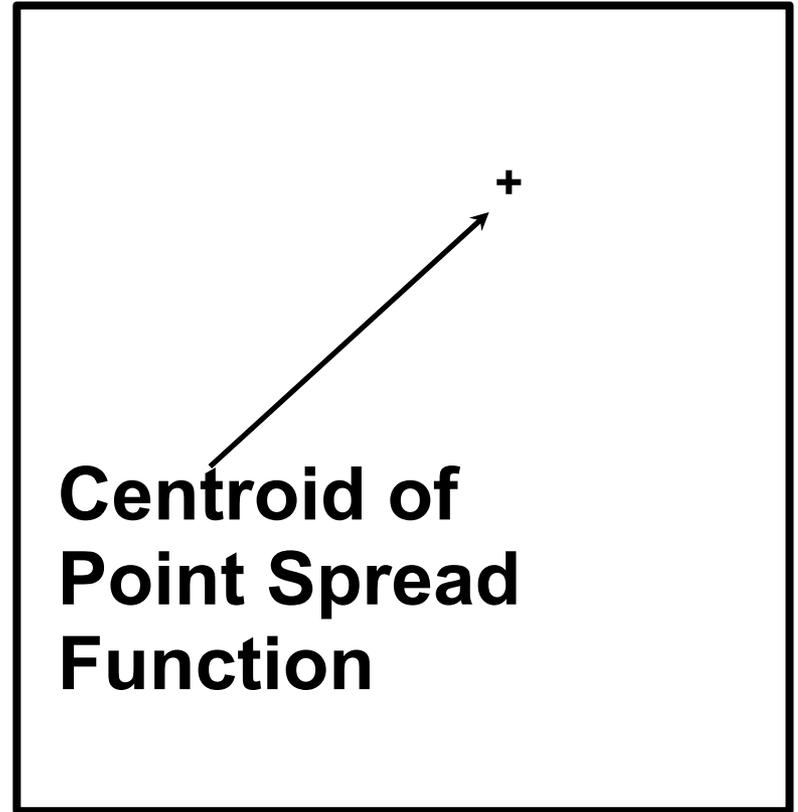
However, it is still possible to measure position of a point to much greater accuracy by finding the centroid

Readout

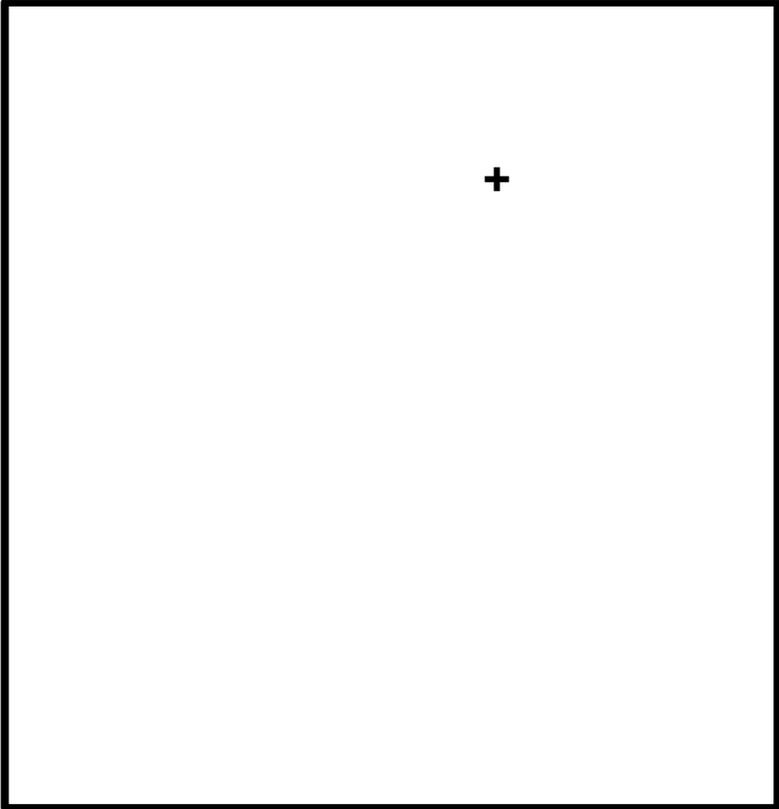
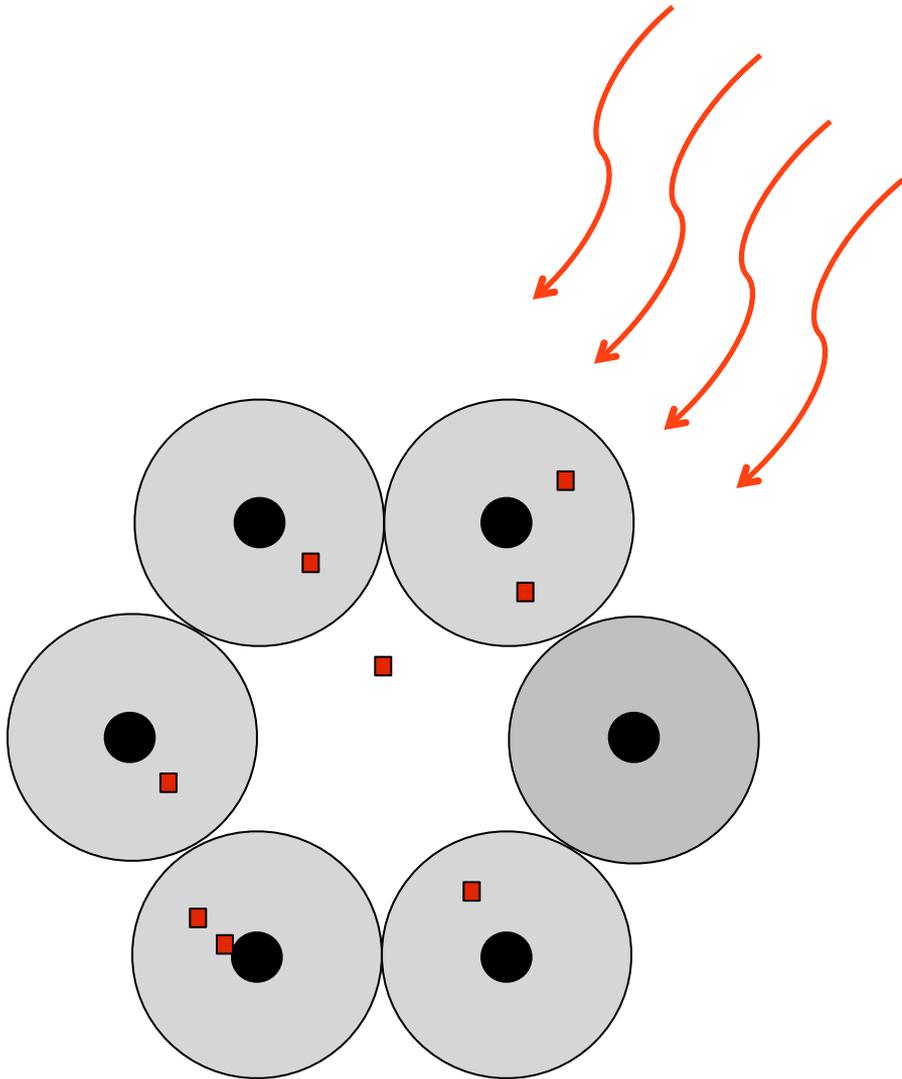


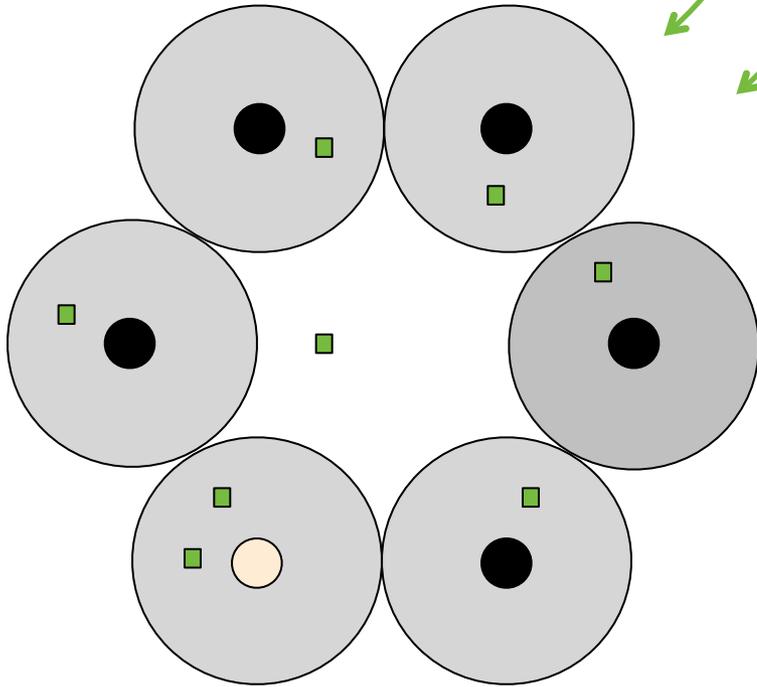
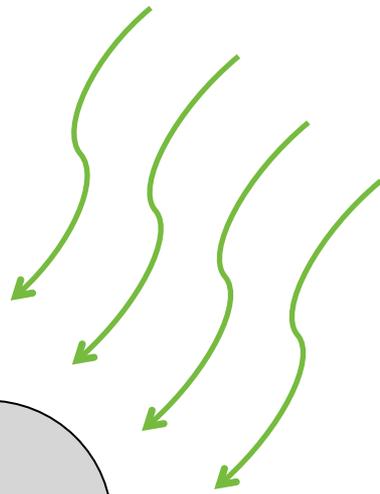


Readout

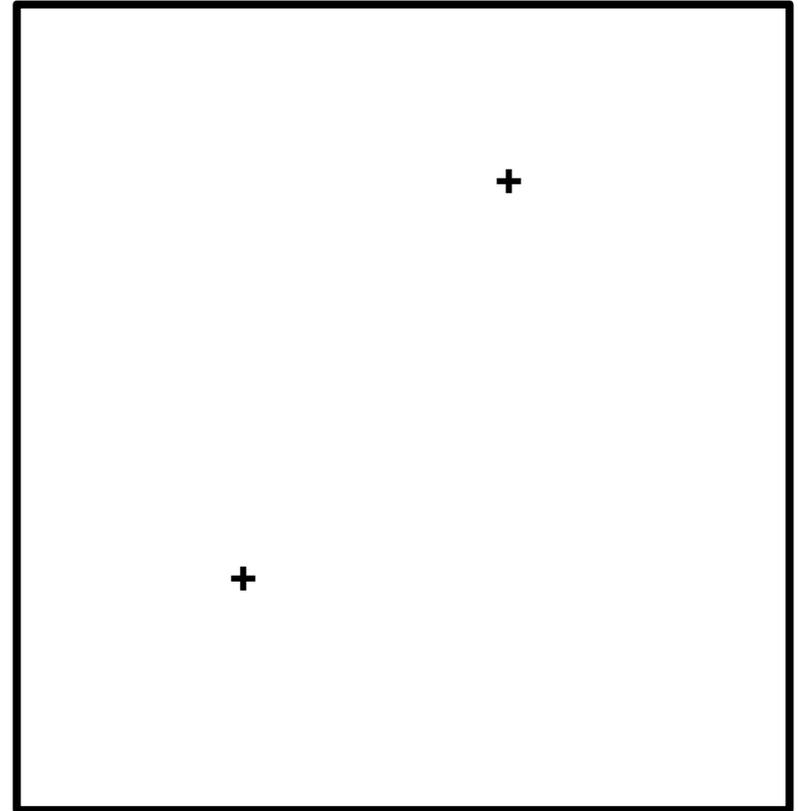


Readout

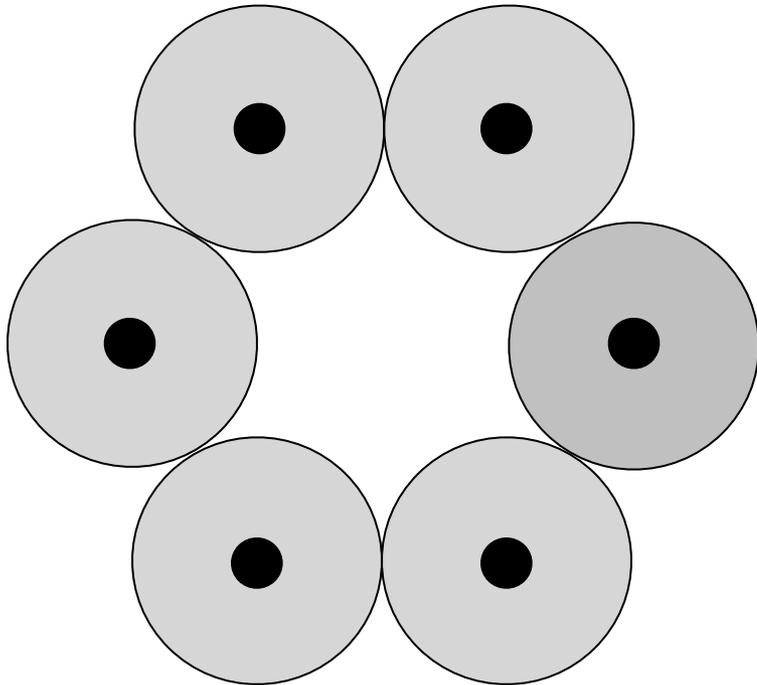




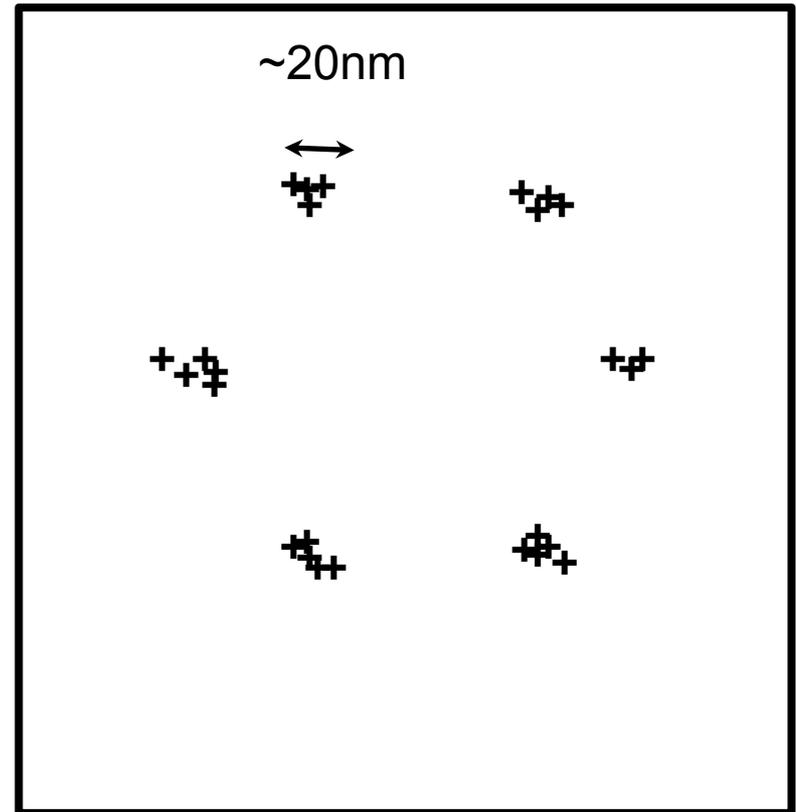
Readout



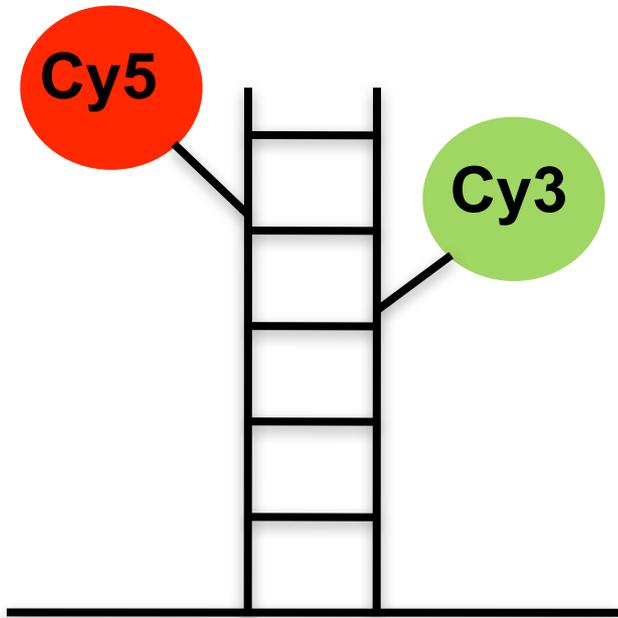
**Resolution is Now Limited
by Shot Noise (i.e. by number
of photons), not by
Wavelength of Light**



Readout



STORM uses a cyanine switch



- **Red light** causes fluorescence followed by a stable dark state
- **Green light** causes a return to fluorescent state
- Recovery rate depends on proximity to Cy3
- Can be used hundreds of times before photobleaching occurs
- Approx 3000 photons/s -theoretical position accuracy 4nm (8nm measured)

Imaging a single switch attached to DNA

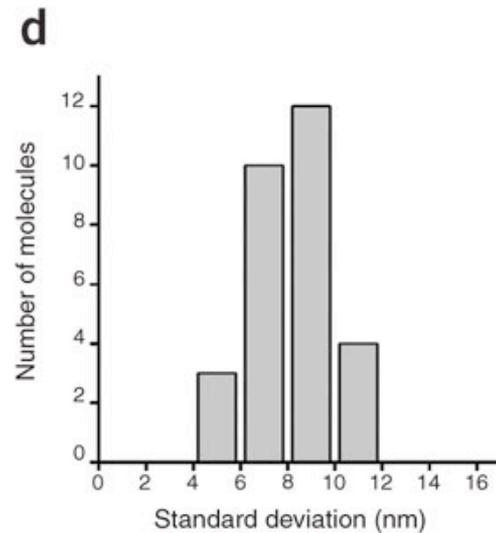
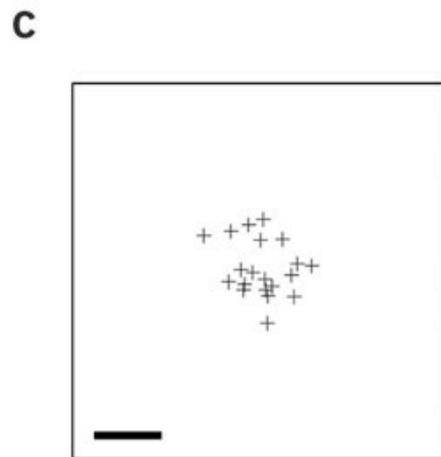
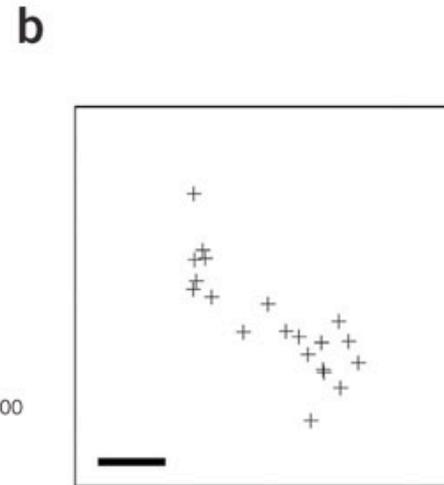
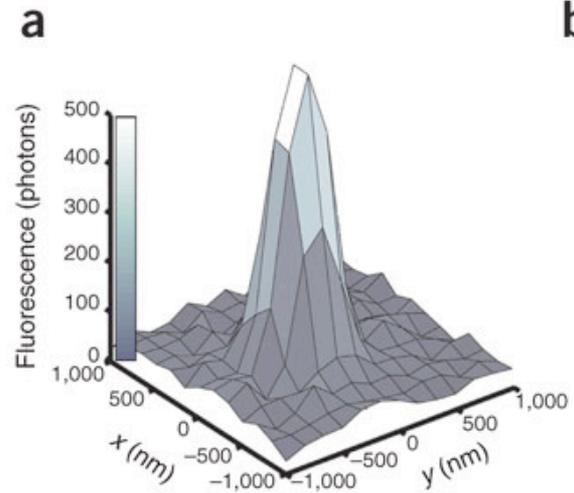
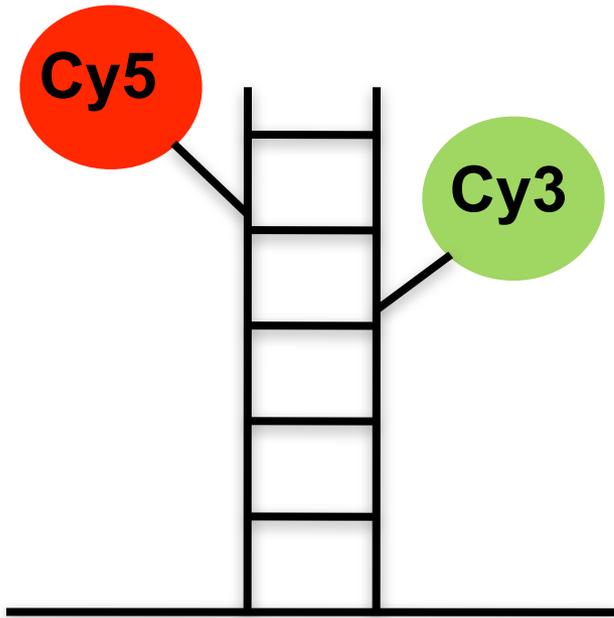
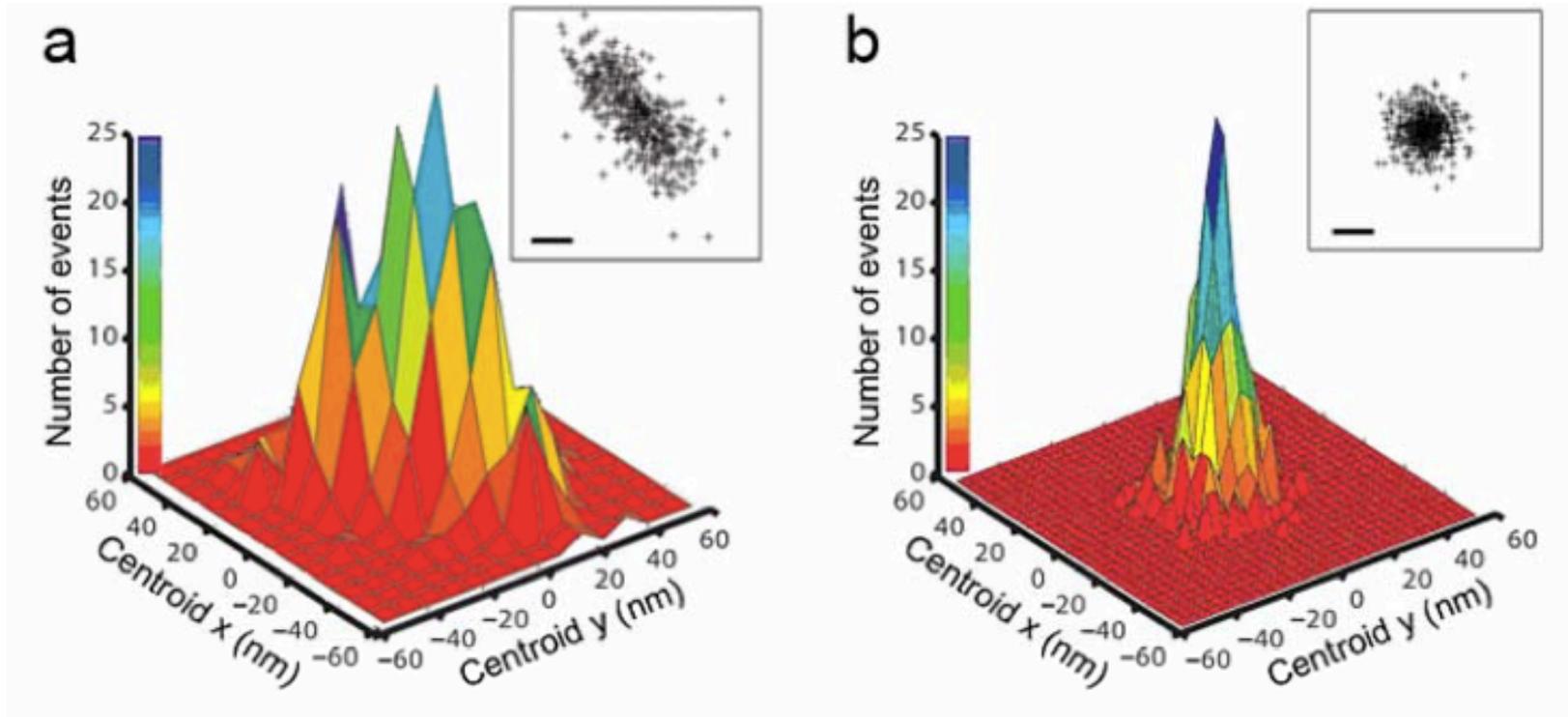


Image processing reveals a resolution limit of 18nm.

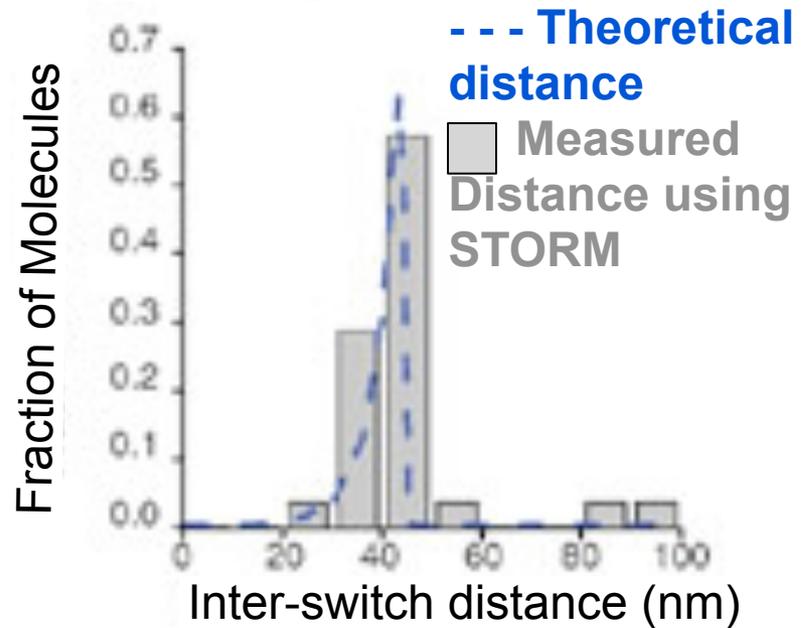
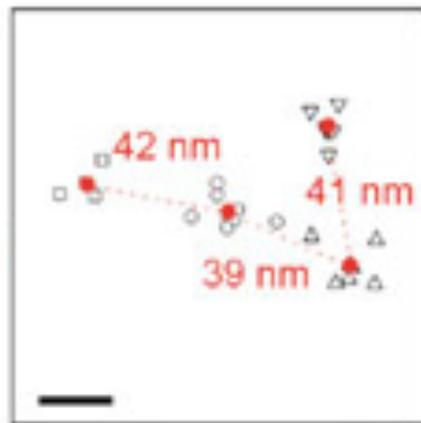
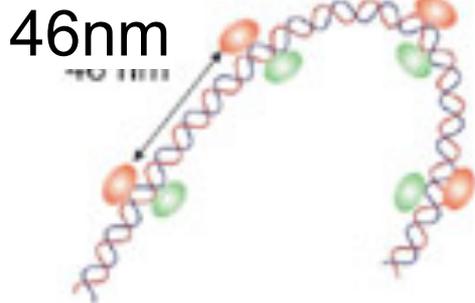
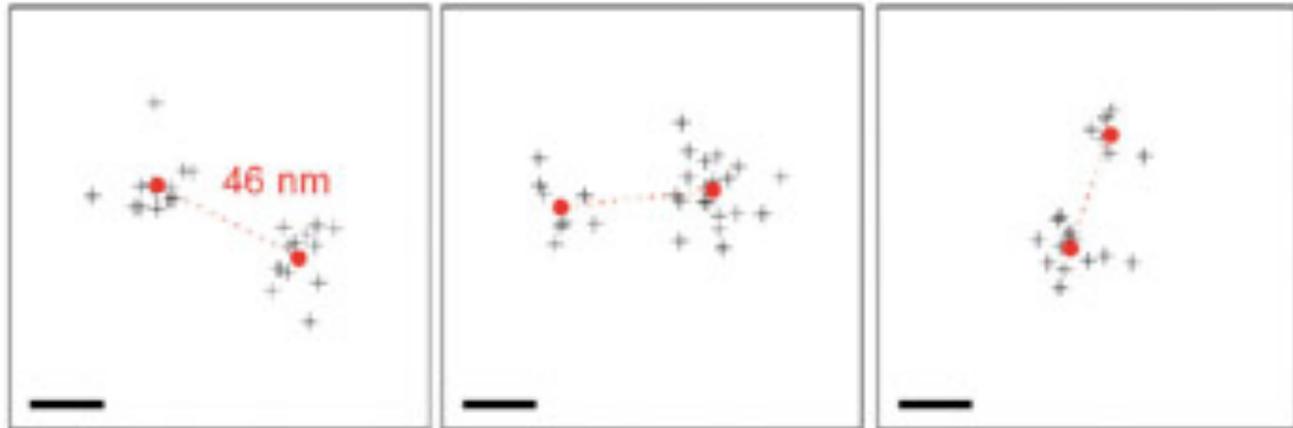
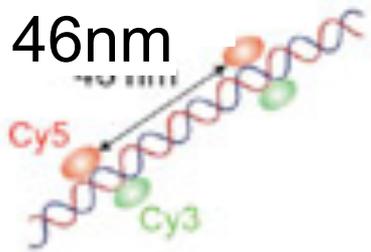


Before Drift Correction

After Drift Correction

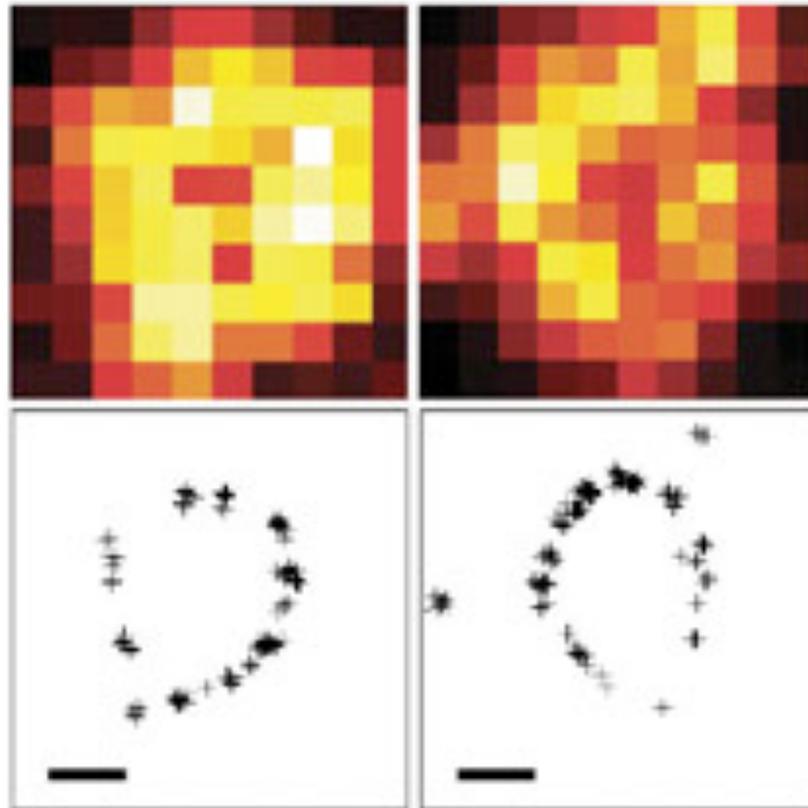
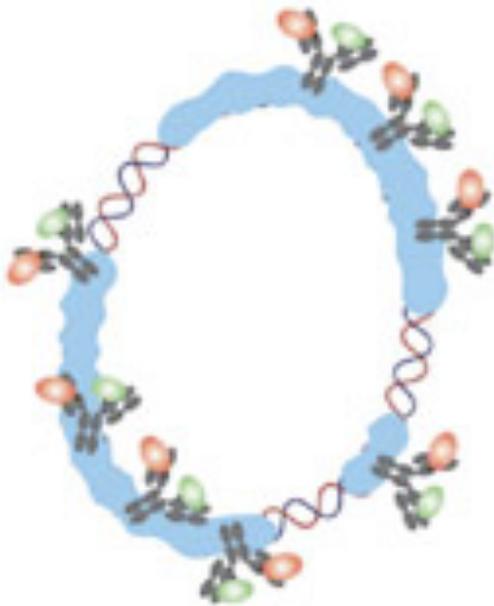
FWHM = 18nm

STORM visualizes switches on a plasmid.



Storm Imaging Compared to TIRM

d

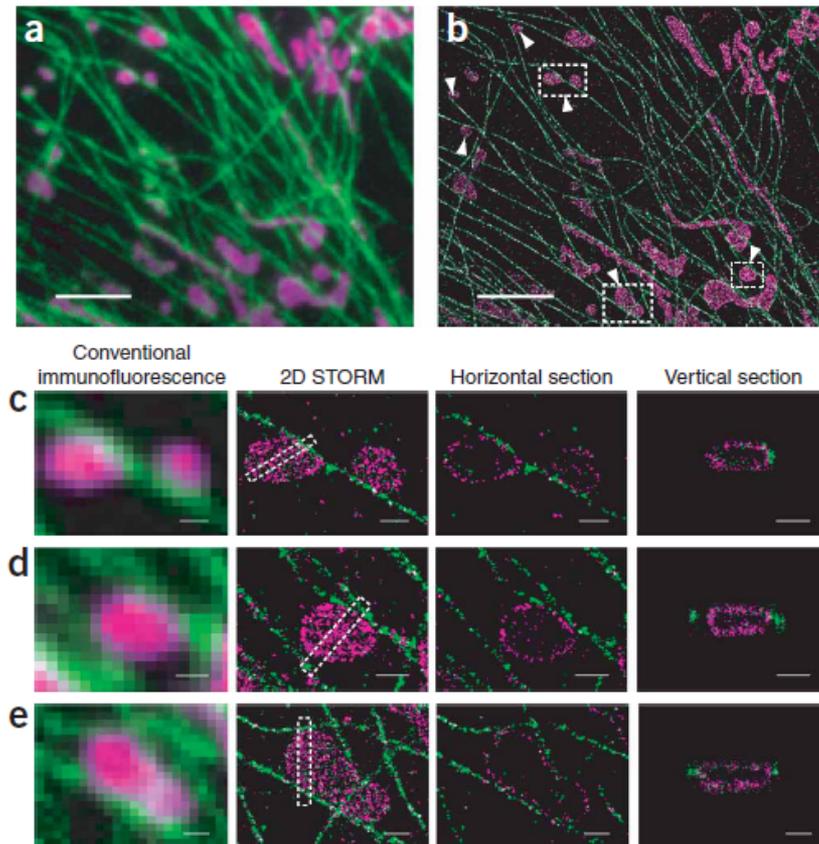


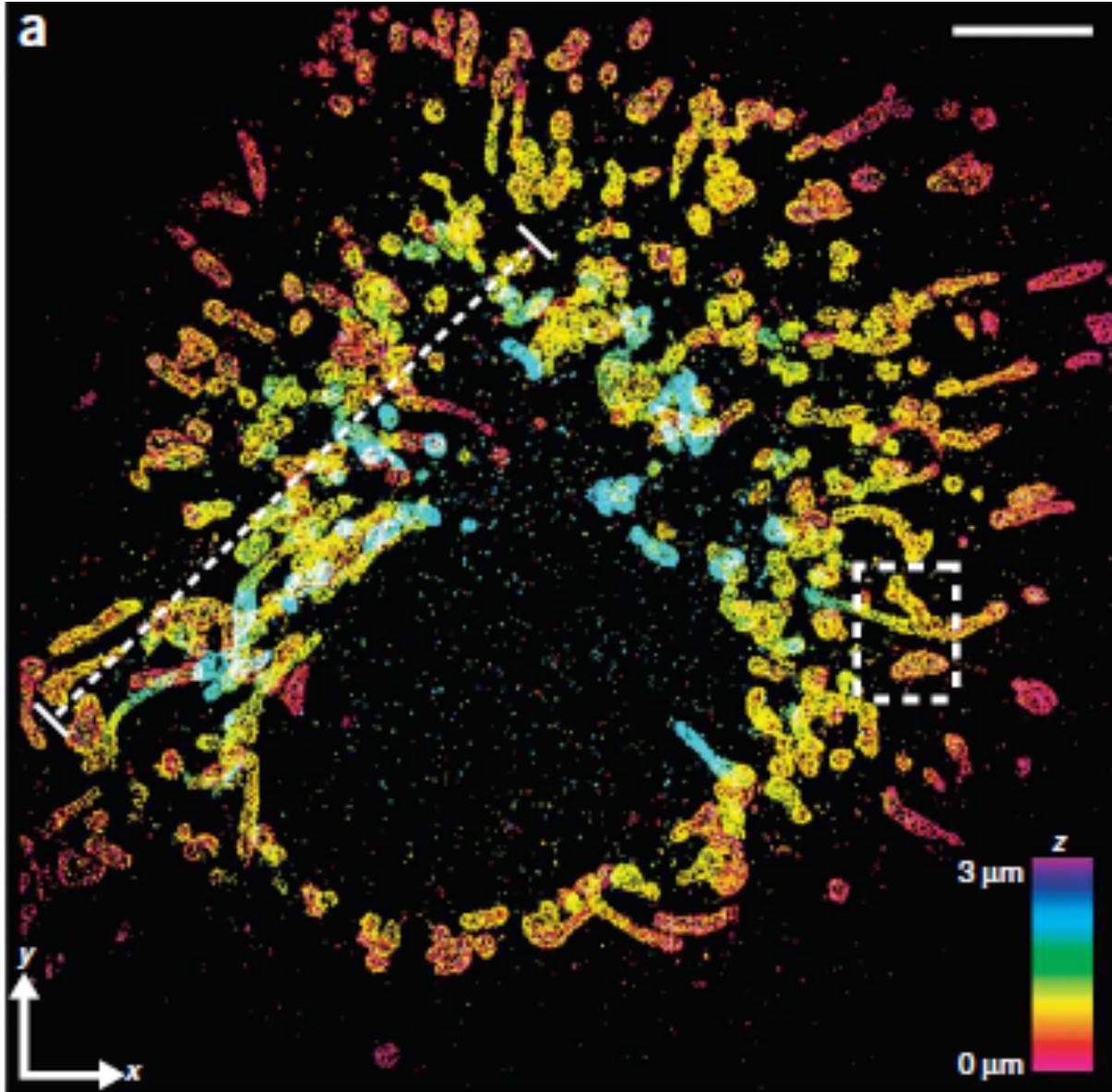
Total internal reflection microscope

STORM

Whole-cell 3D STORM reveals interactions between cellular structures with nanometer-scale resolution

Bo Huang, Sara A Jones, Boerries Brandenburg & Xiaowei Zhuang (2008)





Possible Future Directions

- Imaging speed can be improved by increasing switching rate
- High-resolution fluorescence in situ hybridization and immunofluorescence imaging
- Potentially allows for high-resolution, live-cell imaging

Questions?

Acknowledgements

Michael J Rust
University

Harvard University

Mark Bates

Harvard University

Xiaowei Zhuang

Harvard University,
Howard Hughes
Medical Institute

Switching of Cy5-Cy3-labeled antibody.

